Secondary Marketing Resources

Secondary Marketing Solutions For Credit Unions

November 13, 2014

Presented to Florida CUREN



Agenda

- Rate Setting/Pricing Challenges
- Interest Rate Hedging Challenges
- Secondary Market Challenges

SMR

Setting Rates

- Determine rates based on primary investor
 - Used for products for portfolio and intended for sale
- Increased focus on market competitors
 - Not necessarily local, competitors members may use
- Most credit unions publish rates daily
 - More have processes to update rates later in the day
- Margins have moderated since the first quarter 2013
 - Still above levels prior to 2008
 - Average margins currently 100-120 bps



Servicing Value Component

- Critical factor in pricing is valuing servicing
 - As much as 50% of income in servicing value
- Servicing value on new production around 100 bps
 - Will vary based on amount, term (product), cost
- Servicing value calculation: \$100,000 30 year loan
 - \$250 \$50 = \$200 * 5 years = \$1,000 (100 bps)
- Servicing value considerations in pricing
 - Impact on current servicing asset
 - Value of servicing for alternative products
 - No cost loans, premium rates



Handling LLPAs

- Adjusting rate/points to reflect has been challenge
 - Many credit unions have been passing through as points
- Seen three different methods for incorporating
 - Divide LLPA point cost by 3/add result to rate
 - Use premium grids with rebate in 1/8ths over 0 point rate
 - Provide wholesale pricing type grid
- New POS/LOS providers have simplified
 - Avista/MortgageBot and Mortgage Cadence handle and allow simplified pricing
 - Facilitate including in points or rate



Rate Sheets Are Evolving

- Rate sheets are changing to adapt to new originators
 - More credit unions are hiring experienced sales staff
 - Rate sheets are adapting to reflect this change
- More detailed pricing options are available
 - Moving from standard 0, 1, 2 point rates to market priced
 - Providing premium pricing by product 3 or 4 rate tiers with rebate prices
 - Rebates are provided on portfolio and saleable loans
- Decreased Product Choices Since 2008
 - Primary new product has been 5/5 ARM



Hedging Strategies

- More credit unions moving to selling on flow basis
 - Alternative is selling from portfolio
 - Results in interest rate risk, product risk, underwriting risk
- Mandatory delivery versus best efforts delivery
 - Best efforts minimizes fall out risk
 - Pricing can be significantly inferior to mandatory
 - Requires credit union to meet standard pull through ratios
- Effective mandatory sales requires fall out detail
 - Tools to measure fallout include overall, financial cost, loan characteristic fall out



Portfolio Management

- Credit unions balance income needs with ALM
 - Very few earning assets besides mortgages
 - Mortgages have high interest rate/duration extension risks
- More credit unions using secondary to manage risk
 - Turning on and off sales of loans (15/20 year fixed)
 - Using secondary marketing to sell recent portfolio loans
 - Designating on a loan by loan basis to sell/retain
- Increased challenges to using to manage portfolio
 - Agencies require loans be sold within one year to qualify as current production
 - 120 day sale window regarding appraisal



Expanding Investors

- Most clients are approved by Fannie and Freddie
 - Still differences: 10 year fixed/jumbo conforming pricing
 - Underwriting differences exist as well: 85% cash out
 - Freddie Mac pricing problems through refinance boom
- Ginnie Mae direct loan sales increasing
 - Outlet for FHA/VA/RD loans
 - Pricing better than conforming (0.25% or more to rate)
- More credit unions adding FHLB to list of investors
 - Allows credit unions increase income on lower credit risk loans
 - Limited recourse with higher loan premium



Mortgage Lending Future

- In spite of short term changes, rates are going up
 - Fed Reserve anxious to end QE and increase rates
 - Employment growth will begin to drive wage increases
 - Stock market adjustment may result in lower rates in ST
- Will see tighter margins in the mortgage lending
 - Margins are still wide in a longer term perspective
 - Maintaining margins the result of aggressive cost cutting
- With higher rates, significantly less refinances
 - Purchase money loans will higher % of loans
 - Increase in first time homebuyer products



Secondary Market Evolves

- Differentiate the credit and delivery functions
 - Ginnie Mae model: FHA manages credit risk
 - Credit risk in conforming include multiple players
 - Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae, expanding to include other players
- Common securitization platform in development
 - Security liquidity critical factor in execution
 - Goal to eventually begin offering single security
 - These would be backed by multiple credit enhancement providers
- Impact on smaller lenders critical
 - Most use cash execution
 - Securitization entity may offer options



Questions and Discussion

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